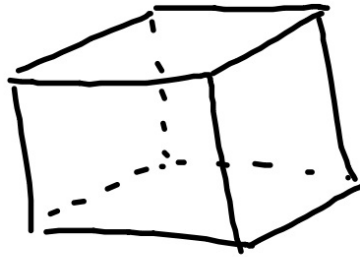


7.2 Volume
WCID? -- I can find the volume
of a solid

A. $V = S^3$



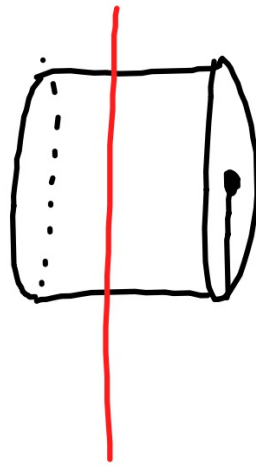
$$V = S^2 \cdot S$$

↓
area of
a slice

↘
thickness
of slice

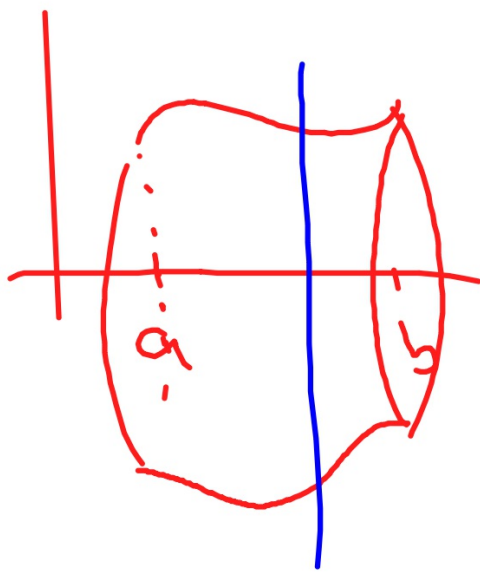
1. Cylinder

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$



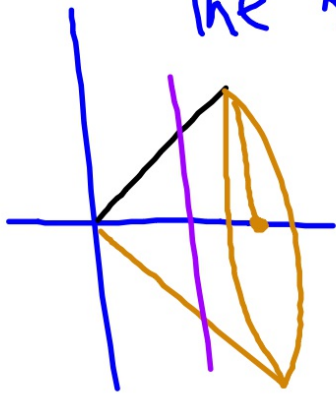
B. Disc Method for Volume - if a function is rotated about the x-axis, the volume obtained is given by

$$V = \int_a^b \pi [f(x)]^2 dx$$



$$\pi \int_a^b (f(x))^2 dx$$

Ex. Find the volume obtained when $y=x$ is rotated about the x -axis, $[0,1]$

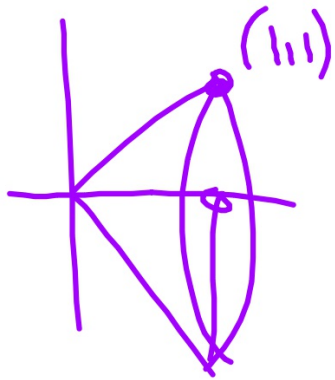


$$V = \pi \int_a^b (f(x))^2 dx$$

$$V = \pi \int_0^1 x^2 dx$$

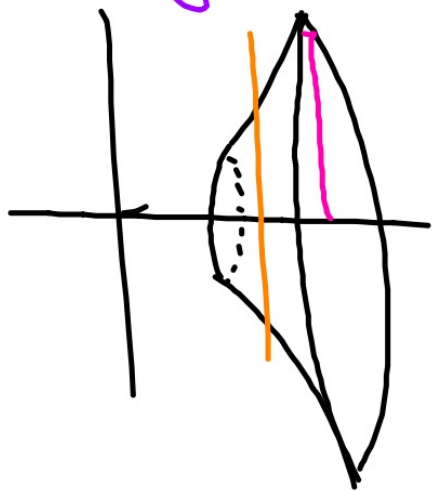
$$\pi \left[\frac{x^3}{3} \Big|_0^1 \right] = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$V_{\text{cone}} = \frac{\pi r^2 h}{3}$$



$$= \frac{\pi (1)^2 (1)}{3} = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

Ex. Find volume when $y = x^2$
goes around x-axis, $[2, 4]$



$$\begin{aligned} V &= \pi \int_2^4 (x^2)^2 dx \\ &= \pi \int_2^4 x^4 dx \\ &= \pi \left[\frac{x^5}{5} \Big|_2^4 \right] \\ &= \frac{\pi}{5} [1024 - 32] = \frac{992\pi}{5} \end{aligned}$$

